

# DESIGN/DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMISSION DESIGN REVIEW DISTRICT HISTORIC AGENDA

#### **EVALUATION SHEET**

Case # 5

**ADDRESS:** 1606-08 Main Street

**APPLICANT:** Tom Prioreschi, Capitol Places II Owner LLC

TAX MAP REFERENCE: TMS# 09014-04-14

**USE OF PROPERTY:** Commercial

**REVIEW DISTRICT:** Individual Landmark, Bailey Bill Ordinance

**NATURE OF REQUEST:** Request Certificate of Design Approval for Preliminary Certification

for the Bailey Bill, Request Certificate of Design Approval for

**Exterior Changes** 

#### FINDINGS/COMMENTS:

This is a c.1872 building that has a storefront from the early and mid 1900s. Updated over the years to keep up with changing trends, the façade most recently had an upper story clad in marble tile, which was likely installed around 1948. Its removal revealed an earlier, Art Deco influenced second story, which was likely added in the 1930s. In 1941 even that new façade gained an alteration to the first floor, which lost its two storefronts to combine into one larger storefront clad in marble with fluted metal trim. This first floor alteration has essentially remained intact and the intent is to return the entire façade to the 1941 era, keeping the first floor storefront, adding several rows of marble tile above to meet the underside of the windows, cleaning the upper story brick and making repairs, and installing historically accurate windows in the second story facade. Roof repairs are also intended, as well as a new awning across the façade. An awning is present on the earliest available image of the 1941 façade, although it was retractable.

The applicant will be altering the interior of the building by converting the vacant second floor into seven apartments. These will be connected to the apartments inside the adjacent building at 1600 Main, also a landmark, and will utilize its elevator and stair exits.

#### PERTINENT SECTIONS FROM CITY ORDINANCE - BAILEY BILL

Sec. 17-698. - Eligible rehabilitation.

- (a) Standards for rehabilitation work. To be eligible for the special tax assessment, historic rehabilitations must be appropriate for the historic building and the historic district in which it is located. This is achieved through adherence to the following standards:
- (1) The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved; the removal of historic materials or alterations of features and spaces that characterize each property shall be avoided.

The historic features that remain will be retained and restored. The storefront will remain the same and will be repaired. The upper story will have the few rows of marble panels put back up to match the 1941 appearance. Bricks on the upper story will be cleaned and repaired; the patches of mastic that had been used to attach the marble panels will be removed.

(2) Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place and use; changes that create a false sense of historical development shall not be undertaken.

The repairs and alterations to the façade will return the building to its appearance from 1941, so no changes are proposed that would create a false sense of historical development.

(3) Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.

The 1941 appearance, which includes a 1941 first story and a c. 1930s second story, are changes to this c. 1870s building that have acquired historic significance in their own right. They are part of the story of the many changes made along Main Street in the Depression and soon after as efforts to attract more shoppers and to keep up with neighboring buildings. In particular 1937 was a busy year for major exterior alterations in the 1600 block of Main Street, and City permit records indicate that alterations were made to this building that same year, making this an integral part of the changing faces of the city's commercial district.

(4) Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property should be preserved.

The exterior brick and marble will be retained, cleaned and repaired. Broken marble pieces will be replaced with material salvaged from the upper story.

(5) Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced; where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new should match the old in design, color, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials; replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence.

The proposal calls for vinyl-clad wood windows for the missing three upper-story windows in the façade. Vinyl is not a material that would adequately reflect the historic characteristics of the wood windows originally used in this building and does not have the durability or finishes typical of an original window. An aluminum-clad wood window or a wood window with no cladding is an alternative that most closely resembles a historic wood window.

Missing and broken brick and cast stone details are proposed to be replaced to match the missing detailing. These repairs and replacements should match the original as closely as possible in color, texture, etc. in order to meet this ordinance. The projecting brick courses at the top of the building were shorn off to accommodate the applied marble panels. These brick courses should be replicated to match the original in color, design and texture to meet this ordinance.

(6) Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used; the surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.

Information has not been provided as to how the patches of mastic will be removed from the brick on the upper story but it should be reviewed by staff to ensure it complies with this ordinance.

- (7) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property; the new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the historic property and its environment.

  The only exterior alteration is a non-retractable awning, which will be attached to the façade. This should not require the removal or harm of the 1941 horizontal metal band located just above the storefront, in order to comply with this ordinance.
- (8) New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

  Not applicable.
- (b) Work to be reviewed. The following work will be reviewed according to the standards set forth above:
- (1) Repairs to the exterior of the designated building.

Already delineated above.

- (2) Alterations to the exterior of the designated building. Already delineated above.
- (3) New construction on the property on which the building is located. Not applicable.
- (4) Alterations to interior primary public spaces.

  It does not seem that original interior public spaces are extant.
- (5) Any remaining work where the expenditures for such work are being used to satisfy the minimum expenditures for rehabilitation.

The above items are the parameters for review for projects that receive the Bailey Bill. If any future work is proposed beyond the scope of what is presented here then it will be reviewed.

#### PERTINENT SECTIONS FROM CITY ORDINANCE – LANDMARKS

Section 17-674(d) Criteria for review of design of structures and sites.

- (1) Issuance of a certificate of design approval shall be based upon the requirements set forth in the standards or design guidelines adopted by the city council for each historic district. For individual landmarks, the Governor's Mansion Protection Area, Elmwood Park Architectural Conservation District, and the Landmark District, the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, as amended and listed below (the "Standards"), shall serve as guidelines until such time as design guidelines may be written and adopted by City Council for each local historic district. The Standards are to be applied to specific rehabilitation projects, taking into account the designation level of each district.
- a. For landmark districts and individual landmarks, the historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.

The historic character will be retained and there is no alteration of existing historic materials proposed.

b. In architectural conservation districts and protection areas, the historic character of a district shall be retained and preserved through the preservation of historic materials and features which characterize the historic district.

Not applicable.

c. For individual landmarks and the landmark district, each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.

No conjectural features are being added. The building's alterations from post-1941 have been removed so that the last façade with windows on the upper story could be exposed and restored.

d. Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.

The c.1930s upper story and 1941 storefront have acquired significance in their own right, as discussed above.

e. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.

The brick and cast stone details of the building, which include cast stone placards beneath recessed vertical columns of soldier coursed brick, will be preserved.

f. Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where severe deterioration or complete loss requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, finish, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence, and character-defining features that have been lost due to intentional damage, removal or neglect shall be rebuilt.

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Missing and broken brick and cast stone details are proposed to be replaced to match the missing detailing. These repairs and replacements should match the original as closely as possible in color, texture, etc. in order to meet this ordinance. The projecting brick courses at the top of the building were shorn off to accommodate the applied marble panels. These brick courses should be replicated to match the original in color, design and texture to meet this ordinance.

g. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.

No sandblasting is proposed, but the cleaning method has not been delineated. Cleaning will be required at least to remove patches of old mastic. The preferred method should be reviewed by staff to ensure it complies with this ordinance.

h. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

Not applicable.

i. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

Not applicable.

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

Staff finds that the project generally complies with Sec. 17-674(d) and Sec. 17-698 of the City Ordinance and recommends preliminary certification for the Bailey Bill with the following conditions:

- the project meeting or exceeding the 20% investment threshold requirements for qualified rehabilitation expenses
- All work meeting the standards for work as outlined in Section 17-698
- The window materials and profiles being reviewed by staff prior to purchase
- The awning being placed so as not to disturb or destroy the metal cornice above the storefront
- Cleaning procedures and repairs to the brick, cast stone and marble approved by staff
- All details deferred to staff

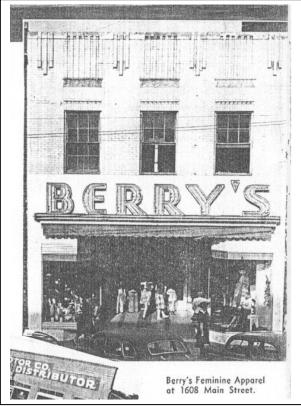
Staff recommends a Certificate of Design Approval for the project as proposed based on its conformance with Sec. 17-674(d) and Sec. 17-698 of the City Ordinance, with the following conditions:

- The window materials and profiles being reviewed by staff prior to purchase
- The awning being placed so as not to disturb or destroy the metal cornice above the storefront
- Cleaning procedures and repairs to the brick, cast stone and marble approved by staff
- All details deferred to staff



Above: Recent image after marble cladding removed on second story

Right: c. 1945 image from the *S.C. Magazine* 







### Information Provided by Applicant

#### CITY OF COLUMBIA PLANNING DEPARTMENT

# REHABILITATED HISTORIC PROPERTY APPLICATION PART A - CONTINUED

#### 5. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED WORK

Use the spaces below to describe the proposed work. Architectural features would include items such as: roof; exterior brick or siding; windows; doors; site/landscape features; entrance hall; main stair; parlors; fireplaces/mantles; floors/walls/ceilings; mechanical/ electrical/plumbing; etc. If an application has been submitted for the federal Investment Tax Credits, you may use a copy of the description of the proposed work from the federal form for this section, but your submittal must still include the information in sections 1 through

4.		_
Architectural feature FRONT FACADE Approximate date of feature EARLY 1900 > Describe feature and its condition  BRICK WITH DECORATIVE FEATURES ON 24 APPEAR FLOOR FRONT OF BUG AS NOW EXPOSED.  Architectural feature WINDOWS Approximate date of feature FARLY 1900'S Describe feature and its condition  WINDOWS WERE BRICKEDIN AT A PREVIOUS RENNOVATION. WE WILL REODS! WINDOWS AS SHOWN  CIRCA	Describe work and impact on feature  WHEN SLIP GOVER WAS REMOVED IT EXPOSE EARLY BRICK AND EMERETE CLUMPS WHO WAS USED TO HOLD MARBLE PANELS IN PLA - BRICK WILL BE REPLACED WHERE PIECE ARE BROKEN OR MISSING BONGREE CLUMPS WILL BE REMOVED MARBLE PRIELS WILL BE REPLACED WINDOWS DECORATIVE PAYERN OF BRICK TO BE RESTORED  Describe work and impact on feature - WINDOW OPENINGS RESTORED TO CIRCA 1941 PHOTO - NEW PELLA WINDOWS DUDLICATING THE FORMER WINDOWS, AS BEST CAN BE DONE, WILL BE MISTALLED IN FORMER OPENINGS.	ich CE. ES — Below RED.
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Photograph No. ATTINCHED Drawing No. NTTINCHED		
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#### **1608 Main St History**

First built in 1872, this two story building is one of the oldest remaining buildings on Main Street. It was thought to be pretty non-descript until the owners recently took off the 3 X 3 white marble panels on the upper façade exposing some very interesting brick details which will be repaired and restored. Before the marble panels were removed, the current façade featured a modified recessed storefront with a terrazzo floor entryway and the marble paneled slipcover façade. Evidence indicates that the building has been altered several times over the years.

The earliest known picture that we have is the 1912 to 1914 photo included herein which shows that it had a small cornice and three tall windows that seem to duplicate the pattern of the red brick infill that exists now under the white marble panels that were recently removed. Our belief is that 1912-1914 photo memorializes the original condition of the 1872 facade.

So we believe that the exposed brick façade, which will be brought to life again, was placed there sometime after 1927 and maybe as late as sometime after 1932. The photo of the adjacent Berry's larger 3 story building shows a bit of 1608 Main St building on the left hand corner of the photo. This photo which had to be taken after 1927 as Bon Marche occupied the building from 1927 to 1932 and it continued to show the same long windows and the same original cornice.

Just prior to Berry's expanding into this building the property comprised of two street addresses, 1606 and 1608 Main St. in 1929 Berry's Slipper Shop began operating in the 1608 storefront. The 1606 storefront was renovated in 1932 and Malloy's Parlor, a soda and ice cream shop opened there that year. In 1941 Berry's annexed the 1606 address in order to expand their floor space and at that time made the first of several alterations that they performed. The first photo after Berry's moved in in 1941 shows the three windows still exist but they are considerably less tall than the original three windows. This photo also shows the brick details which we will preserve. We believe that when Berry's was expanding into the Building and modifying it that the current first floor storefront windows and lower façade marble trim were also added.

Sometime around 1948 Berry's covered the upper part of the façade with matching brick marble panels. The 1948 photo shows the second addition of the white marble.

So what we plan on doing now is to completely restore the very interesting brick front and add three windows duplicating the windows that were there prior to 1941 and bringing back that historic appearance. We will also add a new plain black simple awning to the current tenant's storefront.

Inside on the second floor seven new apartments will be added to the 1608 Main St building. All these apartments will become part of the "Berry's Apartment project as the current lobby at 1217 Taylor St, the current elevator, the current hallways and the current two stairways in the Berry's building will all serve both buildings. This will enable the entire vacant second floor to be put into service with 100% yield and no additional common area.

#### **Additional Materials List**

Tax Map

**Richland County Tax Information** 

Survey

1912-1914 Picture

1927-1932 Picture

**Newspaper Articles 1941** 

1941 Picture

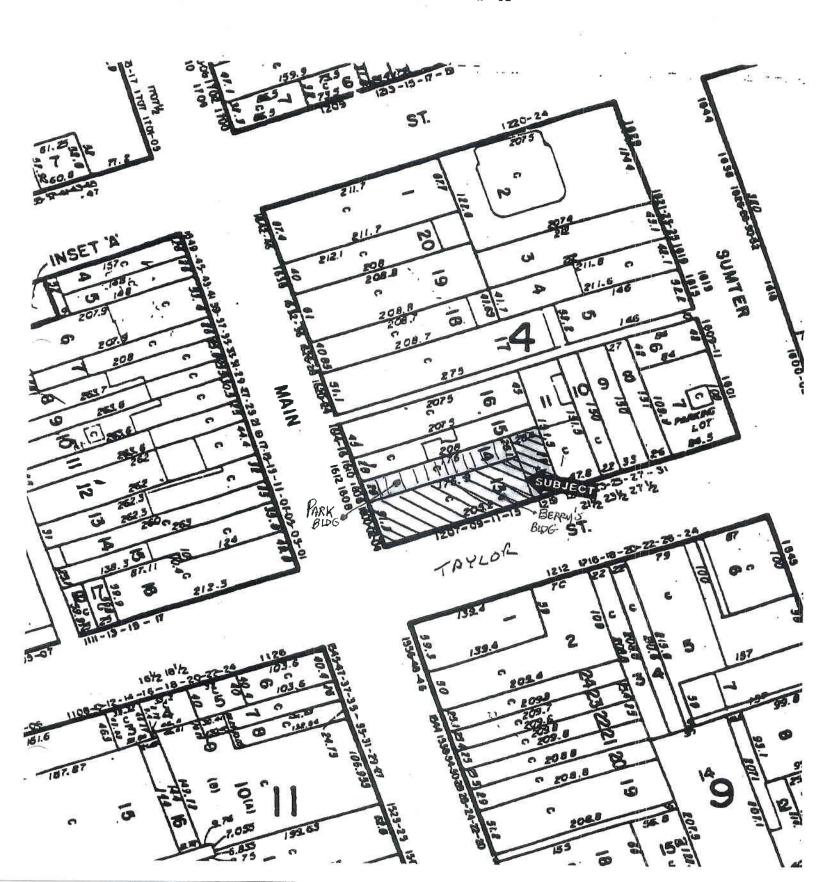
1948 Picture

Current pictures of façade and storefront (4)

Architects Front Elevation of work to be completed

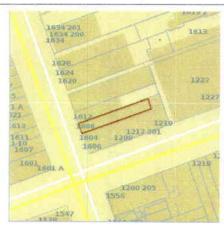
Pictures with computer simulation of what awning will look like (includes photo of slipcover of upper marble before removal (2)

Architects second floor apartment floor plate including seven new apartment



#### 1606 MAIN ST | R09014-04-14









#### Address

Address	1606 MAIN ST
Municipality	Columbia
School District	Richland School District 1
Garbage Coll. Day	No Pickup
Recycling Coll. Day	No Pickup
Yard Trash Coll. Day	No Pickup
Latitude	34.00700
Longitude	-81.03578
Elevation	309 ft

#### Census

Year	2010	2000	1990
Avg Hshld Income	\$18,274	\$19,722	\$42,554
Avg Home Value	\$150,000	\$112,500	\$236,100
Pop. Density (/sqmi)	107	0	5546

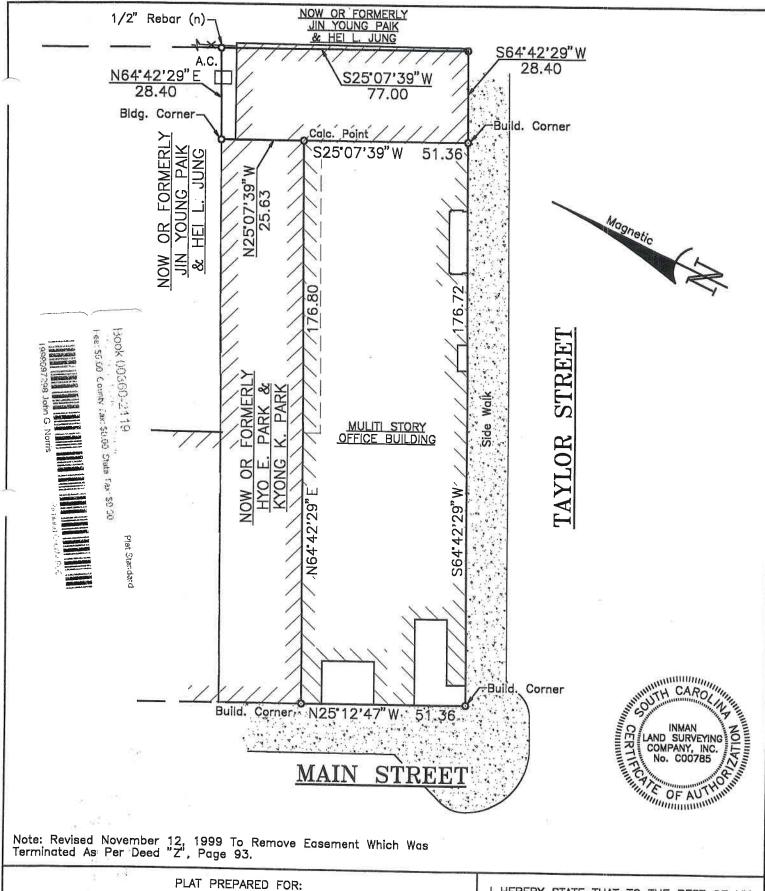
#### **Property**

	Troperty
TMS	R09014-04-14
Owner	CAPITOL PLACES II OWNER LLC
Beds	0.0
Baths	2.0
Heated Sqft	4628
Year Built	1939
Tax District	100
Land Value	\$109,800
Building Value	\$75,700
Assessed Value	\$185,500
Last Sale	\$0 (12/12/2014)
Zoning	C-5
Secondary Zoning	
Owner Occupied	No

#### Political

Voting Precinct	Ward 2	
Voting Location	Marion Street Apartments	
County Council Dist.	4	
County Council Rep.	Paul Livingston	
SC Senate Dist.	21	
SC Senate Rep.	Darrell Jackson	
SC House Dist.	74	
SC House Rep.	J. Todd Rutherford	
County Magistrate Dist.	COLUMBIA	
County Magistrate	JUDGE PATRICK BARBER	
Congressional Dist.	6	
Congressional Rep.	James Clyburn	

Disclaimer: This application is a product of the Richland County GIS Department. The data depicted here have been developed with extensive cooperation from other county departments, as well as other federal, state and local government agencies. Reasonable offerts have been made to ensure the accuracy of this inap. However, the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expressly disclaims responsibility for damages or liability that may arise from the use of the information presented should be used for general reference only. Richland County expression of the reference of the information presented should be used for general reference only.



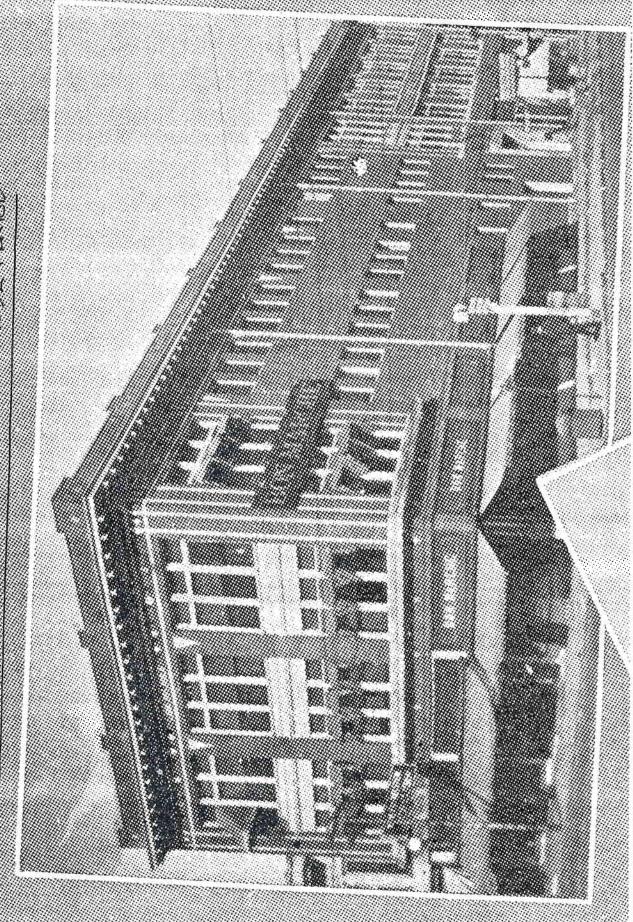
### CAPITOL PLACES II, LLC.

RICHLAND COUNTY, COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

DATE: FEBRUARY 4, 1999

PROJECT NO.: 9812040

I HEREBY STATE THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, INFORMATION, AND BELIEF, THE SURVEY SHOWN HEREIN WAS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MINIMUM STANDARDS MANUAL FOR THE PRACTICE OF LAND SURVEYING IN SOUTH CAROLINA, AND MEETS OR EXCEEDS THE REQUIREMENTS FOR A CLASS "B" SURVEY AS SPECIFIED THERIN; ALSO THERE ARE NO VISIBLE ENCROACHMENTS OR PROJECTIONS



IN BUILDING FROM 1927 TO 1952 FERUIT

#### Conway Host To Baptist Convention

(WRITTEN FOR THE STATE)
The Woman's Boptist state or
ion held its fity-third anniv
is Curway at the Cherry Hill
tist church, the Rev. G. Golago



Garrick, president of Morrie col. Marien McLenter; treatment, Albertha Moyre, Max Cursu and Professe for the Rev. 3, 3, 5tala, president Statesus; deterries young people, Min. In Schall mornis and Every Young people, Min. In Schall mornis after conversion; the Rev. 3, 7, Seeder, for passing the Rev. 4, 7, Seeder, for passing the Becke, post commander at Fort Jackson, speaking at the dedication eccements of the new Se-at 1817 Sumiter street. Scatted, fram left to tight are: Mayor L. B. Owens, Bubbl leving Wold-L. J. M. Calvar, Foot Chaplain Bolest E. Geliben, Rancel B. Joych, Mac Circus and Forter. L. J. M. Calvar, Foot Chaplain Bolest E. Geliben, Rancel B. Joych, Mac Circus and Forter

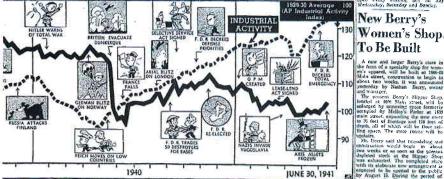
## who preacted During Week

#### Royden Cites Service Center Morale Value

### UCTION REACHES RECORD HIGH

ar Exceeds Output of '17—But Cry Is for "More!"

art Shows How News Has Affected Business Up to the End of June



### Wren Nests in Shipping Case

#### South Carolina's Progressive Newspaper THE STATE: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1941

#### Berry's Store, Remodeled, to Reopen Today

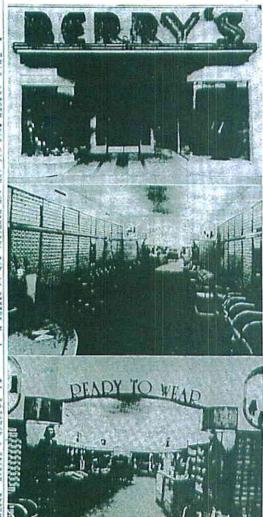
Wearing Apparel Added And Many Improvements Made to Old Quarters Berrys, a larger, modernine scitted's those store and wearing

#### AT CITY HALL

O FORGNED SERVE

#### Men, Women Over 40 Don't Be Weak, Old

### Berry's Remodels, Enlarges Store



### War Not "All Out" Until Poison Gas Used Chemical Warfare Chief Declares

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#### To Take Alaska Defense Supplies

### Columbians on Medical Society

#### 25 Merchants Sign to Sell



### Dies at Lando

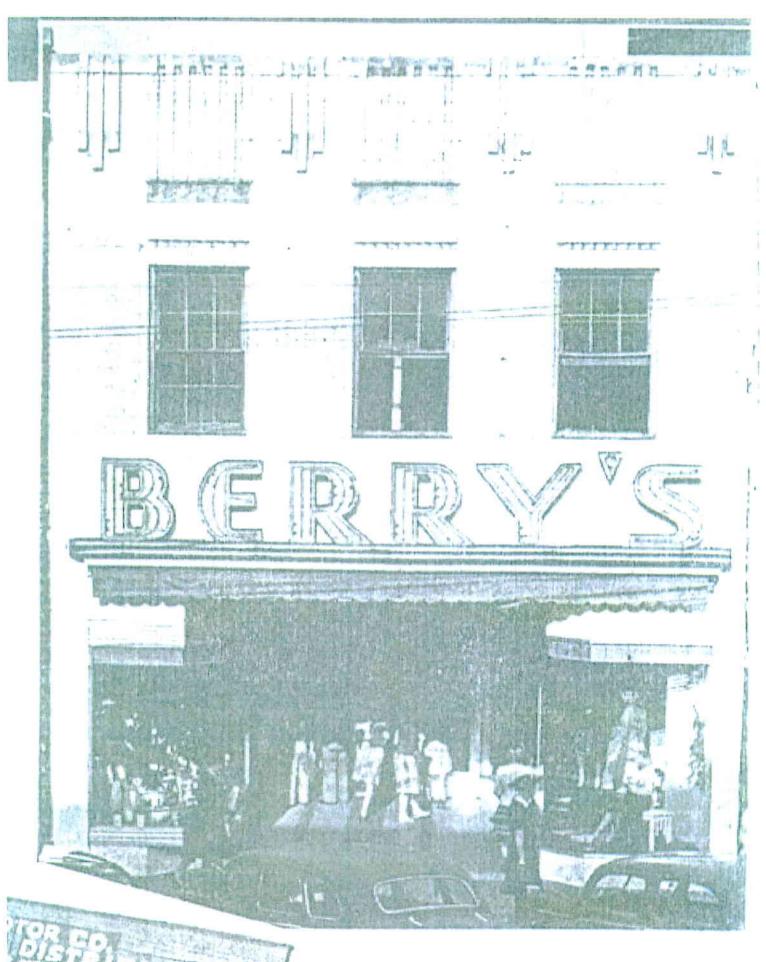
# Alleged Liquor

Law, Lottery Arrests Made





Call 2-6341



Berry's Feminine Apparel





Richland Library Historical Collections

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University Libraries

SC Digital Library Favorites

Search

Pousel Maxey Photograph Collection Beck Shoes and The Cotton Shop

Reference URL

Browse This Collection

Share

Save to favorites

#### **Beck Shoes and The Cotton Shop**



Description

Title

Beck Shoes and The Cotton Shop

Maxey, Russell Creator

circa 1948 Date

Post-War America (1946 - 1954) Time Period

Russell Maxey Photograph Collection Source

Local Category **Business** and **Industry** 

Commerical buildings -- South Carolina -- Columbia. Subject

Columbia (S.C.)

Geographic Location

1600 Main, Columbia, S.C.

Black and white photographic negative; 1600 Main, Columbia, S.C. Description

Language

English

Russell Maxey Photograph Collection Digital Collection

Website http://www.richlandlibrary.com/inform/russell-maxey-photograph-collection

Contributing Richland Library, Columbia, S.C.

Digital image copyright 2013, Richland Library. All rights reserved. For more information contact Richland Library, Columbia, SC 29201. Rights

Type Still Image

Format image/jpeg

Digitization 600ppi, 24-bit depth color, Epson Expression 10000 XL scanner with Epson SCAN scanning software, Archival master file is a TIFF

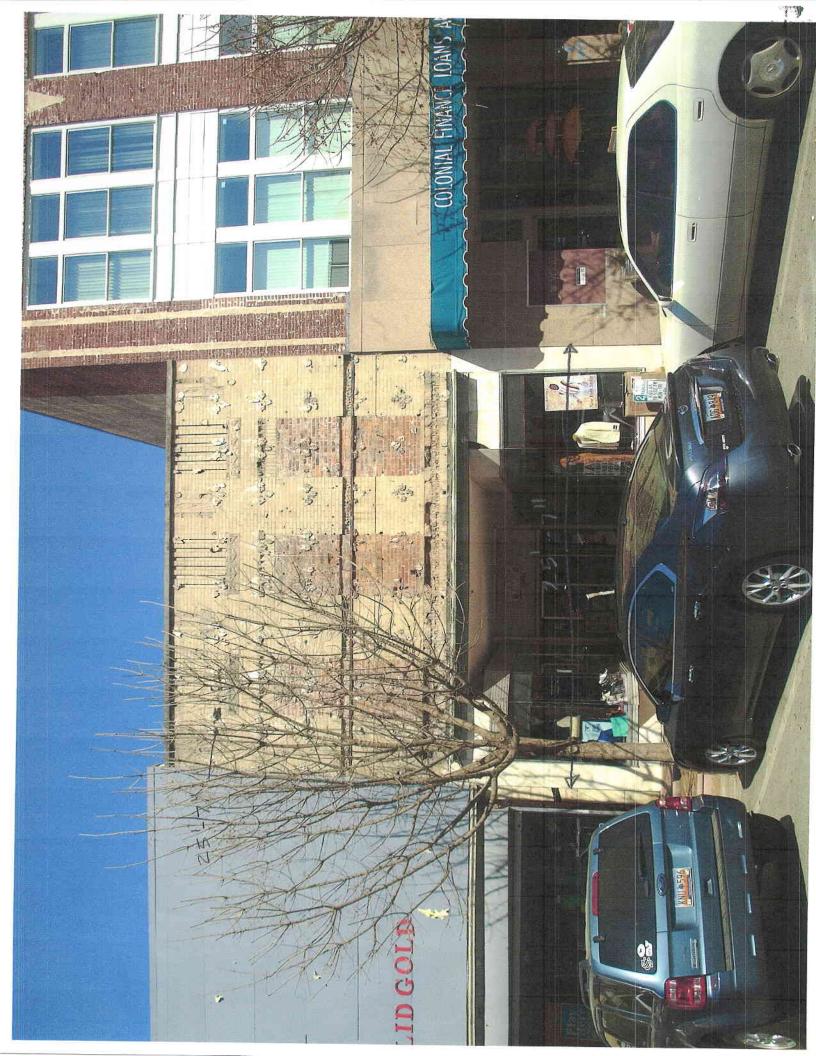
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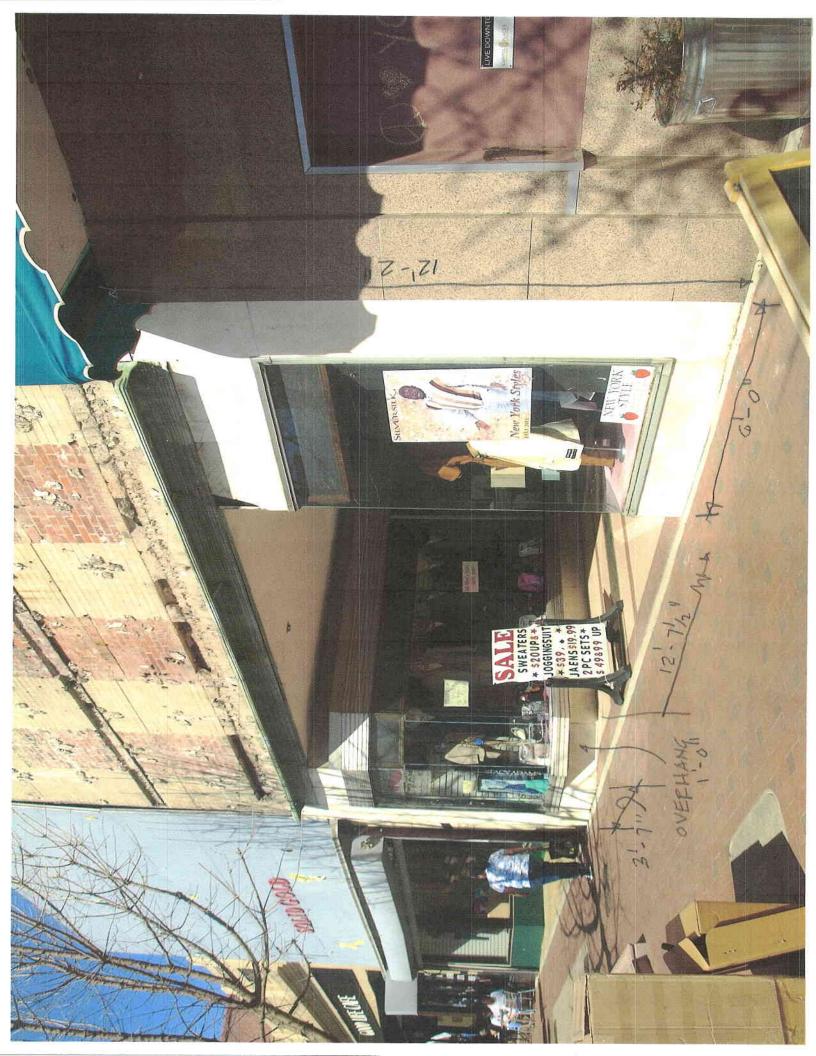
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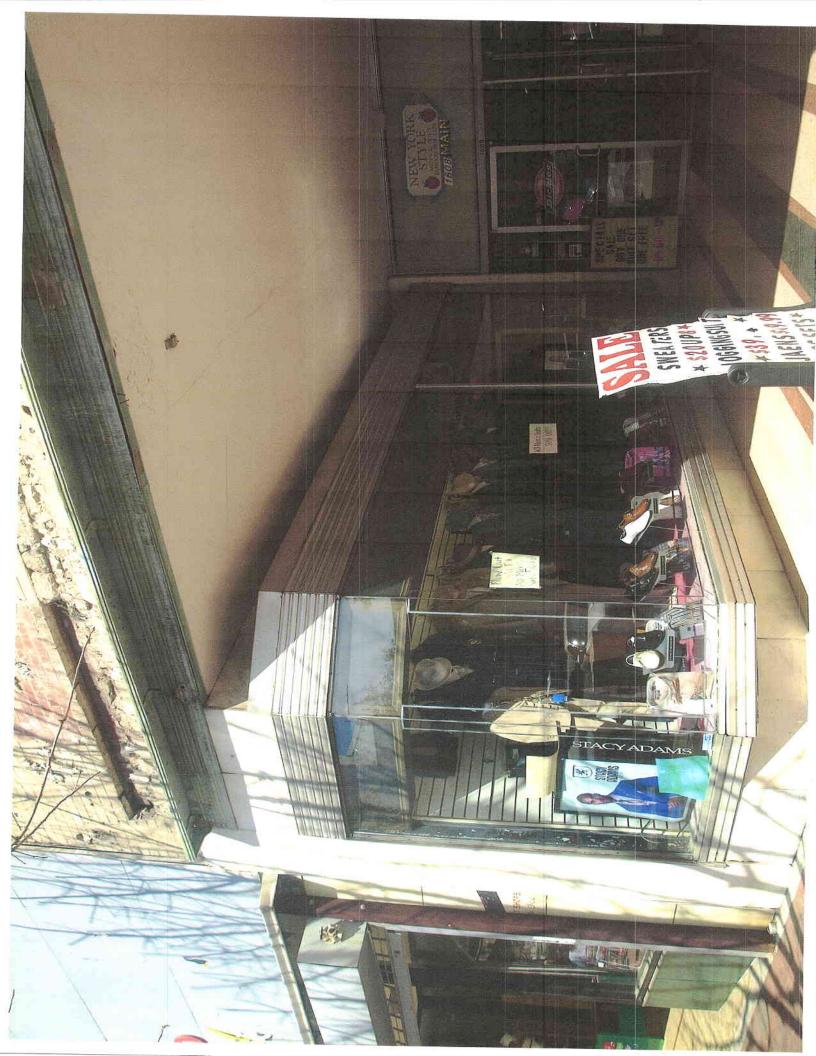
SC County Richland County (S.C.)

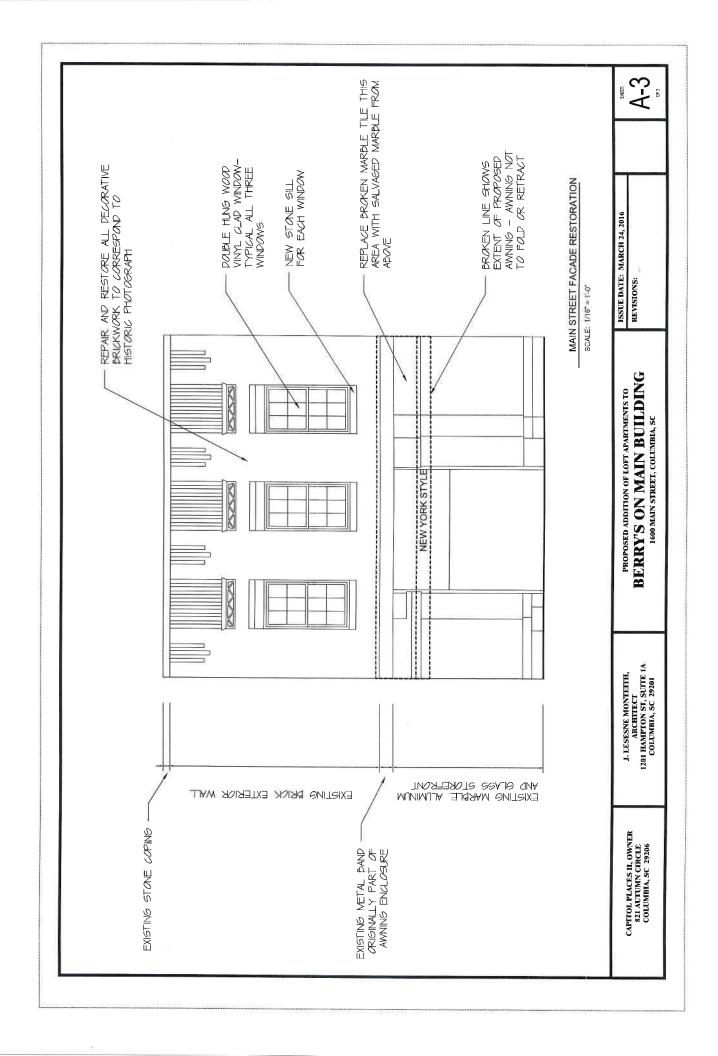
SC Region Midlands

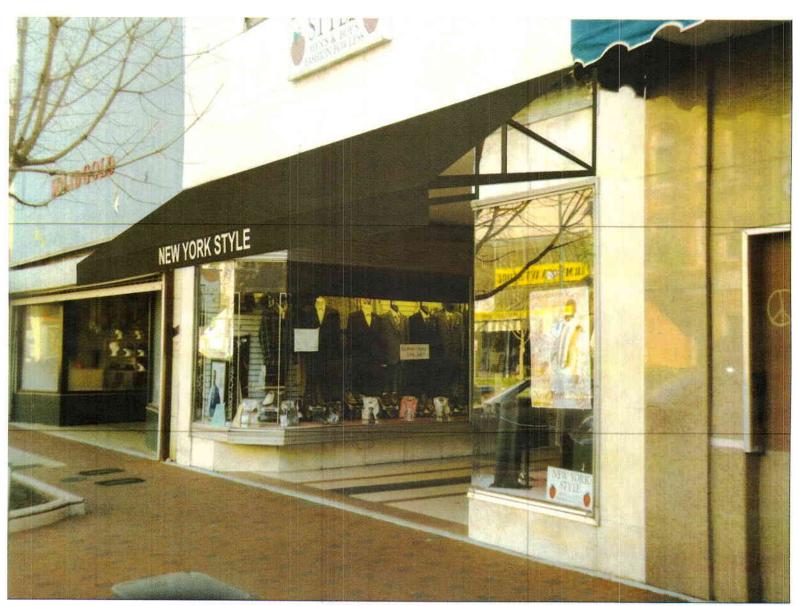




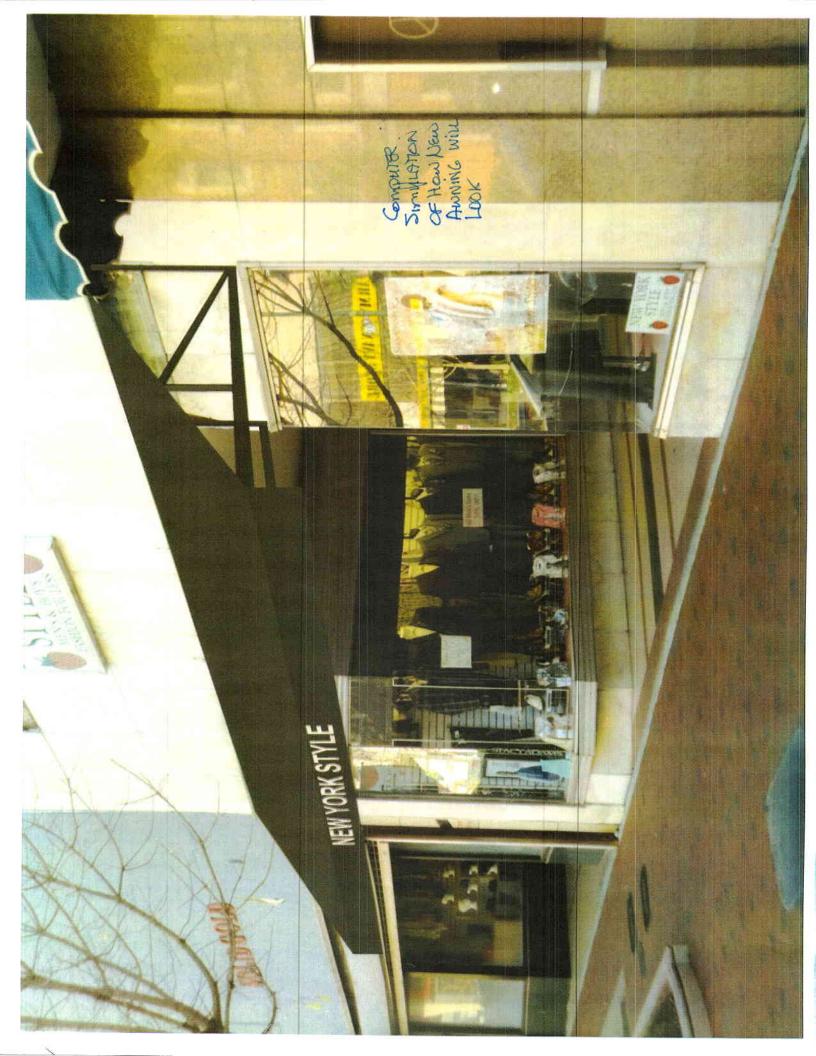








Computer Simulation OF HOW NEW AWING WILL LOOK



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

SCALE: 1/16" = 1'-0"

J. LESESNE MONTEITH, ARCHITECT 1201 HAMPTON ST, SUITE 1A COLUMBIA, SC 29201

**BERRYS ON MAIN BUILDING** PROPOSED ADDITION OF LOFT APARTMENTS TO 1600 MAIN STREET, COLUMBIA, SC

REVISIONS: FEB. 2016

ISSUE DATE: FEBRUARY 18, 2015

A-2